

Gao, Henry S., Across the Great Wall: E-commerce Joint Statement Initiative **Negotiation and China** (September 19, 2020). Available at

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3

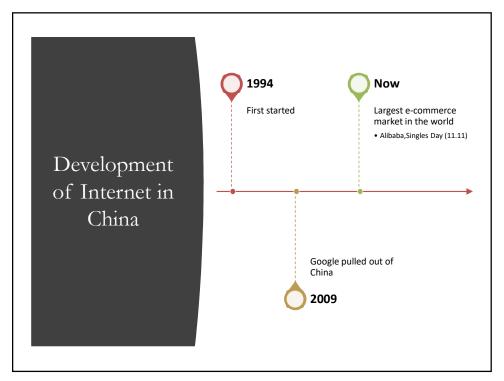
1987: First email from China

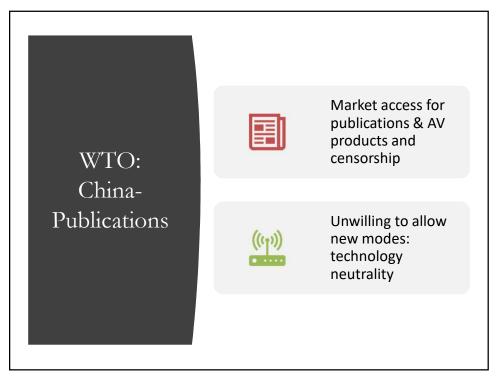
(Message # 50: 1532 bytes, KEEP, Forwarded)
Received: from unikal by iraul1.germany.csnet id aa21216; 20 Sep 87 17:36 MET
Received: from Peking by unikal; Sin, 20 Sep 87 16:55 (MET dst)
Date: Mon, 14 Sep 87 21:07 China Time
From: Mail Administration for China < MAIL@zel>
To: Zorn@germany, Rotert@germany, Wacker@germany, Finken@unikal
CC: lhl@parmesan.wisc.edu, farber@udel.edu,
jennings%irlean.bitnet@germany, cic%relay.cs.net@germany, Wang@zel,
RZLl@zel
Subject: First Electronic Mail from China to Germany

"Ueber die Grosse Mauer erreichen wie alle Ecken der Welt"
"Across the Great Wall we can reach every corner in the world"
Dies ist die erste ELECTRONIC MAIL, die von China aus ueber Rechnerkopplung in die internationalen Wissenschaftsnetze geschickt wird.
This is the first ELECTRONIC MAIL supposed to be sent from China into the Ins site list Section and Scientific networks via computer interconnection between Beijing and Karlsruhe, West Germany (using CSNET/PMDF BS2000 Version). University of Karlsruhe Institute for Computer Application of State Commission of Machine Industry

(IRA) Prof. Werner Zorn

(ICA)
Prof. Wang Yuen Fung
Dr. Li Cheng Chiung
Qiu Lei Nan
Ruan Ren Cheng Michael Finken Stefan Paulisch Michael Rotert Gerhard Wacker Wei Bao Xian Zhu Jiang Zhao Li Hua Hans Lackner





2015 FTAs with Korea and Australia

FTAs

Main provisions:

- Korea: moratorium on customs duties on electronic transmission; electronic authentication and electronic signature; protection of personal information in ecommerce; paperless trading; cooperation
- Australia: transparency; domestic legal frameworks governing electronic transactions; equivalent level of protection

But still weak with explicit rejection of the DS chapter

7

Rapid development of e-commerce

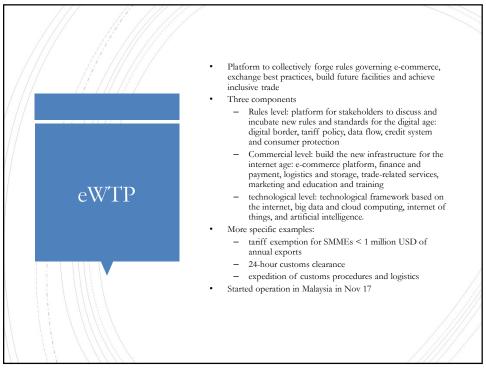
Biggest e-commerce market in the world

4 of the top 10 e-commerce firms in the world:

• Baidu, Alibaba, Tencent, JD

Heavy regulations

- Hardware & network: authorized gateway, no VPN
- Content: no safe harbor rule re ISP liability
- Data localization requirements: 2017 Cyber-security Law
- Source code: 2014 Banking Rules



2017 MC11: Refused to join the JSI 2019 WEF: Join the JSI at the last minute • Amb Zhang: to "reinvigorate the negotiating function of the WTO, and shore up confidence in the multilateral trading system and economic globalisation" • But doesn't like the text of the joint statement

Joint Statement

JOINT STATEMENT ON ELECTRONIC COMMERCE

Ministers representing the following Members of the World Trade Organization (WTO): Albania; Argentina; Australia; Bahrain; Brazil; Brunei Darussalam; Canada; Chile; China; Colombia; Costa Rica; El Salvador; European Union; Georgia; Honduras; Hong Kong, China; Iceland; Israel; Japan; Kazakhstan, Korea, Republic of; Kuwait, the State of; Lao PDR; Liechtenstein; Mexico; Moldova, Republic of; Malaysia; Mongolia; Montenegro; Myanmar; New Zealand; Nicaragua; Nigeria; Norway; Panama; Paraguay; Peru; Qatar; Russian Federation; Singapore; Switzerland; Chinese Taipei; Thailand; the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia; Turkey; Ukraine; United Arab Emirates; United States; and Uruguay, welcome the progress made toward WTO negotiations on electronic commerce since the Eleventh WTO Ministerial Conference at Buenos Aires.

We confirm our intention to commence WTO negotiations on trade-related aspects of electronic commerce.

We will seek to achieve a high standard outcome that builds on existing WTO agreements and frameworks with the participation of as many WTO Members as possible.

We recognise and will take into account the unique opportunities and challenges faced by Members, including developing countries and LDCs, as well as by micro, small and medium sized enterprises, in relation to electronic commerce

We continue to encourage all WTO Members to participate in order to further enhance the benefits of electronic commerce for businesses, consumers and the global economy.

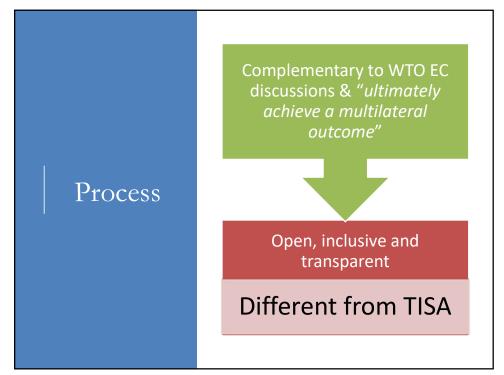
11



General position

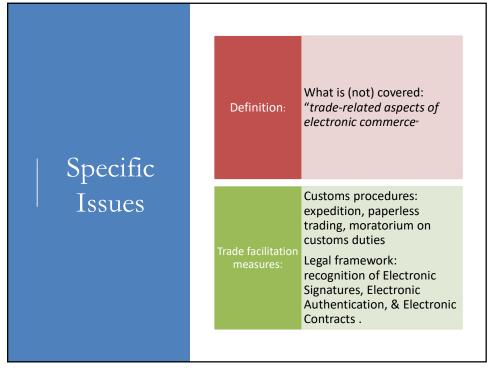
- Objective: Development
 - "tapping into the great potential of electronic commerce, helping Members, particularly developing Members and LDCs, to integrate into global value chains, bridge the digital divide, seize development opportunities and benefit from inclusive trade, and hence better participating in the economic globalization."

13



"focus on the discussion of crossborder trade in goods enabled by the internet, together with relevant payment and logistics services" Alibaba, Alipay, BRI & Courier services "while paying attention to the digitalization trend of trade in services, and explore the way to develop international rules for electronic commerce centering on a sound transaction environment and a safe and trustworthy market environment."

15



Specific Issues - contd

Safety:

- Online Consumer Protection
- Personal Information Protection
- Unsolicited Electronic Commercial Messages

Security:

- Internet sovereignty & cyber security
 - Focus on national rather than commercial interests

Development:

 Electronic Commerce for Development Program

17

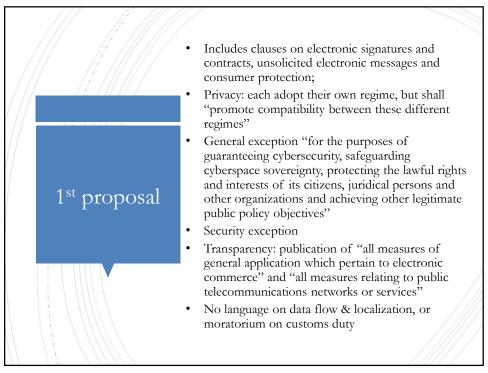
Other issues?

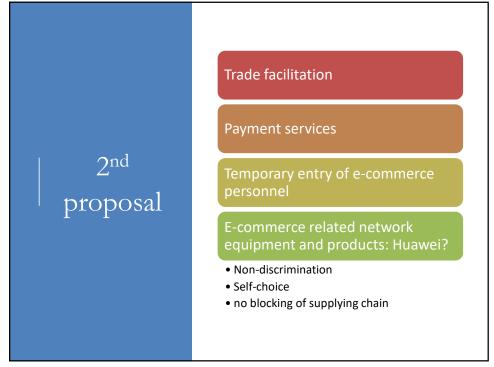
Key US demands:

- Free flow of data
- Prohibition on data localization
- Forced transfer of source code

China's position:

- "more exploratory discussions are needed before bringing such issues to the WTO negotiation"
- "data flow orderly in compliance with Members' respective laws and regulations"





Data flow?

Is a deal possible?

Data localization?

21

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